GENESIS KIT for Rowe

INSTALLATION: BC20, 25, 35, 3500
Special tools needed – drill and a 5/32” bit

THE COIN DETECTOR LIGHT(S) ON THE COIN DISPENSER FRAME NEED TO BE THE NEWER “RED LED” TYPE. IF YOU HAVE THE OLDER LIGHT BULBS AND DIDN’T ORDER OPTIONAL REPLACEMENT LEDS, STOP NOW.

SOME BC3500 CABINETS MAY HAVE A REINFORCING RIB RUNNING HORIZONTALLY ON THE INSIDE OF THE DOOR. PART OF THIS RIB WILL NEED TO BE REMOVED WITH A GRINDER TO MAKE CLEARANCE FOR NEW BILL ACCEPTOR BRACKET.

1. Turn off power to the changer.
3. Remove coin hoppers and coin dispenser frame. If yours is an older changer that was converted to use a newer BA50 transport, the dispenser may have a wiring adapter on it to connect the older dispenser to Rowe’s newer harness. Leave this adapter on the dispenser; we will use it.
5. Unplug all four harness connectors which plug into the rear of the "power control center". Remove the main wiring harness from the changer. If the machine has a junction box for the harness on the rear wall behind the dispenser frame, remove it also. If the original computer CCC was mounted along the right cabinet wall, any brackets for it can be removed along with the harness. The "power control center" will remain in the changer, since it is the frame for the coin chute. A coin acceptor mechanism may be mounted on the ride side of the center partition wall. If you are not going to be using it; remove it and its bracket. The upper section where the customer inserts the coin needs to remain in place and blocked off. Remove all empty/ unused brackets remaining on the center partition wall. If there is a harness bracket on the "shelf" above the transport area; remove it.
6. Clean out whatever junk and dirt has accumulated in the machine over time.
8. One harness coming out of the control box has three wires: black, white, and green. This is the power harness. Route it through a lower hole in the center partition of the cabinet where the original harness traveled. The end of this harness will plug into the existing mating 3-position connector coming from the upper left cabinet area that used to plug into the rear of the "power control center".
9. The next harness coming from the control box is for the bill acceptor and out-of-service light. The very long, two wire portion of this harness is for the changer out-of-service light located on the door. Route this portion of the harness up through an upper hole in the center partition of the cabinet, and route wires up to the door and connect to the out of order light. The remaining black connector for the bill acceptor will be plugged in later.
10. Modification of existing coin dispenser frame: Turn the assembly so you are looking at the rear (buckets and motors). Below the electrical solenoid coils are the 3 bucket door assemblies. There are three shafts which run horizontally and hold all the bucket door mechanisms. Remove the close/lower shaft. It only acts as a ‘stop’ for the springs. Note that the springs are on the near side of this shaft, and they are holding the bucket doors in the up (closed) position. Let the one end of each spring hang loose for now. Remove the upper/close shaft. Note how it holds the bodies of the door springs. Between the solenoids and below them are two white plastic “seesaw levers”. Remove the retaining clips that hold the levers on their shafts and remove the levers. Once the “seesaw levers” are removed, remove the steel ball and spring from above the levers. If the springs do not come out easily, you may leave them in. SET THE LEVERS, BALLS, AND SPRINGS ASIDE, as they will not
be used. Re-install the upper/close shaft that was removed above. Make sure you get the bodies of the door springs on the shaft as they were. When finished, the loose end of the door springs should be pointing up and away from you. Begin reinstalling the lower/close shaft. Start by putting the shaft back in from the left end. Pull the loose end of the door spring towards you and down, and hook behind the lower shaft. This should now hold the left bucket door open (down). Continue for the remaining doors. Make sure that you’ve reinstalled the retaining clips on the shafts. When you are finished, all doors should be held open by the springs.

11. IF YOUR DISPENSER HAS COIN LAMPS INSTEAD OF RED LEDS, USE THE FOLLOWING STEP. IF NOT, SKIP TO STEP 12. If the dispenser has coin lamps, they need to be replaced by the newer LED assemblies. Remove lamp and rubber grommet. There is a hex-head screw about an inch below the lamp that needs to be removed. The new LED assembly installs into the lamp hole and the new longer screw included with kit goes back in where the shorter one was removed from. It will hold the new LED assembly in place. The LED blue wire should connect to the blue changer wire post where one of the lamp wires was connected. The black LED wire should connect to the black changer wire post where one of the lamp wires was connected.

12. Install the dispenser frame back into the changer. The new kit harness for the coin dispenser will have a single connector which should match your dispenser, along with three wires with alligator clips on the end. Route this harness through a center partition hole and connect to the dispenser. The three long wires with alligator clips should route under the dispenser, and toward you. Keep them to the right end of the dispenser, and lay loose for now. Don’t forget the securing bolts at the dispenser top corners.

13. Now you will modify the coin hoppers. First empty the hoppers. Disassemble the rear mechanism and center baffle from the hopper shell. This is a standard maintenance procedure. If you’re not familiar with it, see your changer manual. This is an excellent time to clean and service the hopper if this hasn’t been done in a while. You are going to drill a small hole in each hopper and mount a small screw and washer to act as a ‘hopper empty’ sensor.

**Standard Capacity Hoppers (holds about $500 in quarters)**

Drill a 5/32” hole in the plastic area on the lower front of the hopper. Center the hole from left to right and locate it 1- 9/16” down from the top of the black plastic. Slide the 1” washer over the 8/32 screw and install the screw into the hole from the inside of hopper. Thread and tighten the lock washer and nut onto the screw portion extending outside of the hopper. When you are finished, you will have about 3/4” of the screw sticking out. This is the new “hopper empty sensor” that the wire and alligator clip will attach to. Re-assemble the hopper in normal fashion.

**High Capacity Hoppers (holds about $750 in quarters)**

The bottom of the hopper shell is formed by three plastic pieces which stack together. Looking from the outside bottom, the center plastic piece is molded into 4 quadrants. You are going to drill a 5/32” hole in one of the quadrants which is closest to the hopper front. You’ll need to be near the hopper centerline but you need to leave enough room for the nut and a wrench to tighten it. Stay about 3/8” away from the center rib. Center the hole in the hopper front/rear direction in the quadrant. Slide the 1” washer over the 8/32 screw and install the screw into the hole from the inside of the hopper. On the outside of the hopper, install the lock washer and nut onto the screw. Secure the screw and nut tightly which will bend the washer inside tightly against the plastic. When you are finished, you will have about 3/4” of screw sticking out. This is the new “hopper empty sensor” that the wire and alligator clip will attach to. Re-assemble the hopper in normal fashion.

14. Re-install the hopper into the dispenser frame. Leave the hoppers empty for now.
15. The RED wire with alligator clip (from step #12) should clamp to the LEFT hopper ‘empty screw’ just installed. The YELLOW wire with alligator clip should clamp to the RIGHT hopper ‘empty
screw’ just installed. The ORANGE wire with alligator should clamp to the CENTER hopper "'empty screw' just installed.

16. If your Genesis kit uses the optional coin acceptor adaptor: The remaining 9 position connector should plug into the existing coin acceptor panel on its rear side.

17. Now you will install the Genesis conversion kit’s bill acceptor and bracket.

Front Load slider bracket

A. The new bill acceptor mounting bracket will mount in the same location as the original transport.
B. Install carriage bolt loosely, from the underside, into the slot in the top of the slider bracket with nut on top. Mount the bill acceptor onto the conversion bracket before installing the bracket into the changer.
C. The remaining wiring connector (from step #9) is used for the conversion kit’s bill acceptor. The standard/default harness is configured to work with a 110v Mars AE2600 series bill acceptor. (Optional harness is available for Mars AE2400.) Now connect the new harness’s black connector to the acceptor at the 30 pin connector on the acceptor side. The ‘tab’ on a long side of the connector should allow it to be plugged in only one way correctly.
D. Slide the bracket with the mounted bill acceptor (with the 30 pin bill acceptor harness already Connected) into the modified slider rails. The carriage bolt installed earlier can be located and used as a "stop" against the frame, to keep the front of the new slider bracket tight to the door.

The required switch settings for the MEI acceptor are: harness enable, one pulse per dollar, gaming interface, high security. Other settings ae your choice.

TESTING OPERATION:

1. If you disconnected the changer’s power outside the cabinet then restore the power now. Turn the controller switch ON. Once powered-up, you should hear the bill acceptor motors go through their own boot-up cycle. At this point the YELLOW LED on the new controller should be ON STEADY, and the changer out-of-service light should be on. This is an error condition caused because all hoppers are missing or empty. This is good since you should have left hoppers empty. Try to insert a bill into the bill acceptor. It SHOULD NOT go in. The acceptor should be disabled.
2. Now fill the hopper just far enough to cover the “empty sensor washer” previously installed. Now push and release the reset button (next to the Yellow LED) on the controller box. You should now get a GREEN LED and the Red and Yellow should be off. The changer out-of-service light should now be off. The bill acceptor should now be enabled and capable of accepting bills. Insert a bill and check coin dispensing. Note that the coins are now paid out in ‘real time’ instead of being stored and paid from the coin buckets (now not used).
3. All payouts are equally divided between all available hoppers. When(if) one hopper becomes empty; the payouts will continue from all remaining available hoppers, if any. When all coin hoppers signal empty (coins no longer surrounding sensing washer), the controller will finish whatever payout it may have been working on, and then the Yellow LED will go ON STEADY- indicating a SOLD OUT condition, and the Green LED will be out. This is where we were in step #1 above.
4. Fill hopper with coins. If the Green LED is not on, push the Reset button. The Green LED should come back on. Close up the changer. The changer should be ready to go.

NOTES:

- When the coins in the hopper no longer are “strongly touching” the empty sensor washer installed, a signal will be sent to the controller that the hopper is getting low on coins. The controller will finish the current payout operation it is working on. Once it is finished with its current payout, THEN it will remember that the hopper is no longer available and not use it. If the alligator clips are not attached to the sensor screws, then the controller will see this as empty hoppers.
• In the event that a hopper is very dirty or jammed, the controller will shut off the hopper after 40 seconds of running if the coin count has not been satisfied by then. It will consider this hopper as out of order or empty. The reset button needs to be pressed to allow "empty" or "timed-out" hoppers to come back in service after the situation has been corrected.

• Coins are paid-out in groups of twenty or less (when 25c based). If the total number of coins needed exceeds 20, there will be a short 4 second pause between paying out multiple groups of coins. This is to allow customer to empty coins from the smaller coin cups in some cabinets.

• The default situation is for the controller to be built and sent out based on 25 cent coin/token value. There is a jumper wire built into the controller circuit board which can be cut to change coin value to $1. Call for instructions if you need to change this. Other special programming may also be available for other coin situations.

• If the coin acceptance option is being used: There is no counter for the input coins. For auditing; you must balance the inputted dollars against coins paid out. Any discrepancy should represent coins paid for inputted coins, and should match the input coins.

ERROR CONDITIONS (expanded list- 1/12): starting with v1.23 and v5.02 and others ending in “R”.

YELLOW Error LED

• ON STEADY- all hoppers empty, missing, or `timed-out’ (dirty or jammed)
• 1 blink- Left hopper coin detector error when machine in idle. Either the coin detector is: out, dim, blocked by foreign object.
• 2 blinks- Right hopper coin detector error when machine in idle. Either the coin detector is: out, dim, blocked by foreign object.
• 3 blinks- Center hopper coin detector error when machine in idle. Either the coin detector is: out, dim, blocked by foreign object.
• 4 blinks- Bill acceptor vend signal stuck on. Either a faulty bill acceptor, shorted-out harness, or controller.
• 5 blinks- Unrecognized bill vend signal - Example = 3 vends pulses ($3). Either power to the changer was interrupted when bill acceptor was paying out or a faulty bill acceptor.
• 6 blinks- Bill acceptor internal error. The bill acceptor has a known problem within itself. Check the acceptor for a jammed bill or blocked sensors. The acceptor may need service. Once the acceptor problem is corrected, the system controller should return to service by itself.
• 7 blinks- Coin acceptor signal stuck on. (Most machines do not use this).
• 9 blinks- Left coin signal on too long while motor ON. (coins not dropping quickly, or jammed).
• 10 blinks- Right coin signal on too long while motor ON. (coins not dropping quickly, or jammed).
• 11 blinks- Center coin signal on too long while motor ON. (coins not dropping quickly, or jammed).
• 12 blinks- Left extra coin.
• 13 blinks- Right extra coin.
• 14 blinks- Center extra coin.

RED LED-

• “unfilled count” LED ON- This light is on whenever the system is busy counting coins. If the changer has gone out of order with an error signal (above), and the red ‘unfilled light’ is ON, then the system knows that it DID NOT properly finish paying out all the coins from the last transaction. If the ‘unfilled LED’ is off, then the last transaction was successfully finished.